

The RBSE Class 10th Sample Paper 2023-24

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO THE EXAMINEES:

1. Candidate must first write their Roll No. on the question paper compulsorily.
2. All the questions are compulsory.
3. Write the answer to each question in the given answer book only.
4. For question having more than one part, the answers to those parts are to be written together in continuity.
5. Write the correct serial number of each question as mentioned in the question paper.

Section : A

1. Objective Types Questions:

- (i) Who led the peasants' revolt in Awadh during the Non-cooperation Movement?
(a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Baba Ramchandra
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru (d) None of these.
- (ii) Which of the following laws allowed the British Government to restrict the import of corn?
(a) Corn Laws (b) Corn Act (c) Food Act (d) Import Laws.
- (iii) In which of the following years was the iron and steel plant established by V.N. Tata in Jamshedpur?
(a) 1720 (b) 1854 (c) 1912 (d) 1853
- (iv) When was the Vernacular Press Act passed?
(a) 1878 (b) 1879 (c) 1880 (d) 1881
- (v) In which of the following areas is the alluvial soil found?
(a) Northern Plains (b) Hilly areas (c) Desert Plains (d) None of these
- (vi) Periyar Tiger reserve is situated in:
(a) Gujarat (b) Assam (c) Kerala (d) Rajasthan
- (vii) Where was the first cement industry set-up in India?
(a) Kolkata (b) Chennai (c) Ennore (d) Delhi
- (viii) Which country has the largest telecom network in Asia?
(a) India (b) China (c) Japan (d) Sri Lanka
- (ix) Who elects the community government in Belgium?
(a) The Community leaders of Belgium
(b) People belonging to one language community only.
(c) The citizens of the whole country.
(d) The leader of Belgium.
- (x) The Constitution declared India as a 'Union of States' which is based on the principle of:
(a) Casteism (b) Federalism (c) Communism (d) Feudalism.
- (xi) The literacy rate of India according to the census 2011 is:
(a) 82.14 (b) 74.04 (c) 47.53 (d) 74.54

- (xii) Which one of the following is the most visible institution in a democracy?
 (a) Political Party (b) Pressure Group
 (c) Public Interest Group (d) Sectional Interest Group.
- (xiii) Which one of the following is an activity of the secondary sector?
 (a) Manufacturing (b) Fishing (c) Beekeeping (d) Lumbering
- (xiv) What is SHG?
 (a) Self Help Groups (b) Self Handicraft Groups
 (c) Social Help Groups (d) Society Help Groups.
- (xv) In which year, the Indian government decided to remove barriers on foreign trade and foreign investment?
 (a) 1995 (b) 1990 (c) 2003 (d) 1991.

2. Fill in the blanks:

- (i) Exports of British cotton goods increases dramatically in the early
- (ii) First Tamil book was published in by the Catholic Priests.
- (iii) Maghalaya state is irrigation method prevalent.
- (iv) A person who is strongly committed to a party, group of fiction is called a
- (v) Democracy is based on the idea of deliberation and
- (vi) A good way to measure the quality of life in countries across the world is by comparing their
- (vii) FDI stand for

Q. 3 very short answer type questions : Answer the following question in one word or one line.

- (i) Who was the President of the Lahore Session of Congress?
- (ii) Write the benefits gained by the use of Fly Shuttle?
- (iii) Which company official said “The demand for Indian textiles could never reduce, since no other nation produced goods of the same quality”?
- (iv) What are rare species?
- (v) Which country is the largest producer of raw jute and jute goods?
- (vi) At which place was the tension between two communities more acute?
- (vii) What is majoritarian dominance?
- (viii) Name any two recognized national parties of India.
- (ix) Mention some economic activities which come under the primary sector.
- (x) For which companies has globalization created new oppoetunities?

Section : B

Short answer type questions (Answer word limit approx: 50 words):

4. Explain the reaction of people after Gandhiji was arrested during Civil Disobedience Movement.
5. What was the role of nationalist newspapers in spreading national feelings among the Indian people in the early 20th century?
6. Explain any two reasons responsible for land degradation in India.
7. What steps should be taken to conserve our water resources?
8. How are the roads classified on the basis of type of material used for their construction?
9. What were the consequences of civil war in Sri Lanka?
10. Caste can take various forms in politice Describe the chief forms.

11. Describe the three components of a political party,
12. Why has there been a conflict for developmental goals in India?
- 13 "The impact of globalisation has not been uniform." Explain this statement.
14. What could have been the steps taken by consumer groups?
15. What are the different aspects of democracy?

Section : C

Long answer type Questions: (Answer word limit approx: 100 words):

16. Describe the geographical conditions required for the growth of coffee.

OR

Describe main features of agriculture in India

17. What role did technology play in transforming the nineteenth-century world?

OR

Describe any four factors responsible for indentured labour.

18. Describe any three steps taken by the Indian government towards decentralisation of power in 1992

OR

Indian comes under which type of federation? Why?

19. What do you know, about secondary sector activities? Explain with examples

OR

How public sector contributes to the economic development of the Nation?

Section : D

Essay type questions (Answer word limit approx: 200-250 words):

20. Mention draw back of informal sector Journs.

OR

Write a note on the following

- (1) Functions of money (ii) Role of credit

21. Explain the German liberal movement of 1848.

OR

Why was the time period from 1830 to 1848 known as the age of revolutions? Explain

22. Write the answer in the given map:

Mark the following bauxite mines in the given outline map of India

- (A) Koraput (B) Katni (C)Maikal (D) Armarkantak

OR

Mark the following thermal power plants in the given outline map of India

- (A) Tuticorin (B) Nashik (C) Rihand (D) Barauni